# New Year's '19 P4 - A Button Challenge

#### Time limit: 1.0s Memory limit: 256M

Santa has visited, and you have found a new video game under your Christmas tree!

In this video game, the player attempts to collect stars scattered around the game world. After collecting **a single star**, they return to the starting location until all stars have been collected. Moving around requires various manipulating various buttons on the controller, including the A button. What is the minimum number of times the A button must be pressed in order to collect all the stars and beat the game?

The game world consists of N locations numbered from 1 to N. There are  $s_i$  stars at location i. Location 1 is the starting location where the player starts the game, and is returned to after collecting a star. There are M known techniques for going from one location to another, these are numbered from 1 to M. The i<sup>th</sup> of these techniques is for going from location  $a_i$  to location  $b_i$ . These techniques each have different requirements regarding the A button that will be specified in more detail later.

The A button has two states: pressed, and unpressed. Initially, the button is unpressed. Going from the unpressed state to the pressed state is called "pressing the A button". The number of these A presses is the quantity we want to minimize. Note that once the A button is pressed, it does not need to be released right away. The A button can continue to be held even while collecting a star and returning to the starting location.

Each technique has a type  $t_i$  which is either A, B, or C.

- Type  $\square$  techniques require performing an additional  $x_i$  A presses.
- Type  $\mathbb{B}$  techniques require performing an additional  $x_i$  A presses under the condition that the A button is already being held (in real-life applications, this extra requirement is known as a "half" A press).
- Type C techniques simply require the A button to be in the unpressed state.

Note that the A button can be manipulated even outside of these techniques - while at one of the N locations the button can be pressed or released at any time.

# Constraints

 $1 \leq N, M \leq 10^5$ 

 $0 \leq s_i \leq 10^5$ 

 $1\leq a_i,b_i\leq N$ 

 $t_i$  is either A, B, or C.

 $0 \leq x_i \leq 100$ 

It is guaranteed that it is possible to collect all the stars.

#### Subtask 1 [50%]

There are no type C techniques.

### Subtask 2 [50%]

No additional constraints.

# **Input Specification**

The first line contains two space-separated integers N and M.

The next line contains N space-separated integers  $s_i$ .

The next M lines first contain  $a_i$ ,  $b_i$ , and  $t_i$ . If  $t_i$  is A or B, then the line also contains  $x_i$ .

# **Output Specification**

Output a single integer, the minimum number of A presses needed for collecting all stars.

### Sample Input

# **Output for Sample Input**

3

# **Explanation for Sample Output**

First, press the A button to travel from 1 to 3 and keep it down. After collecting a star, you are returned to 1 with the A button down. The B technique can then be used to travel to 2. Letting go of the A button allows the C technique, which moves you to 3 and after collecting a second star, back to 1. Repeating this process twice lets you go to 3 enough times to collect all the stars. In total, 3 button presses are made.