

# Riolku's Mock CCC S5 - Keen Keener Multiset

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**Time limit:** 2.0s    **Memory limit:** 256M

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Keen Kena Googler the Keener was keen to try out some queries on the new multiset he got for his birthday, until he realized that he seemed to be getting incorrect answers for his queries. Thus, he decided to write a program that simulates the queries he's trying to perform on the multiset. However, his program wasn't very efficient, and he hopes that you might be able to help him write a better one.

His multiset supports the following queries (Note:  $a \oplus b$  denotes the bitwise XOR operation between 2 integers  $a$  and  $b$ ):

- `1 x`: Insert the integer  $x$  into the multiset.
- `2 l r x`: For every integer  $a$  in the multiset where  $l \leq a \leq r$ , replace it with  $a \oplus x$ .
- `3 l r`: Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k$  be all integers in the multiset where  $l \leq a_i \leq r$ . Output the value  $a_1 \oplus a_2 \oplus \dots \oplus a_k$ .

Write a program that can support  $Q$  queries of the above types.

## Constraints

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For all subtasks:

$$1 \leq N, Q \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$0 \leq a_i, x \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$0 \leq l \leq r \leq 5 \times 10^5$$

### Subtask 1 [1/15]

$$1 \leq N, Q \leq 2000$$

### Subtask 2 [2/15]

There will be no operations of the type `2 l r x`.

### Subtask 3 [4/15]

For all operations of the type `2 l r x`,  $l = 0$  and  $r = 5 \times 10^5$ .

### Subtask 4 [8/15]

No additional constraints.

## Input Specification

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The first line will contain two integers,  $N$  and  $Q$ .

The next line will contain  $N$  space-separated integers, the initial elements of Keen Kena Googler the Keener's multiset.

The next  $Q$  lines will each contain a query of one of the above three types.

## Output Specification

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For each query of type 3, output its answer on a separate line.

## Sample Input

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```
2 3
1 2
2 0 3 4
3 2 9
3 5 5
```

## Sample Output

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```
3
5
```

## Sample Explanation

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Our initial multiset contains  $\{1, 2\}$ . After our first operation, we have  $\{5, 6\}$ . The first type 3 operation outputs  $5 \oplus 6 = 3$  while the second one outputs  $5 = 5$ .