#### Time limit: 0.6s Memory limit: 1G

Java: 1.0s

You are given an undirected tree of N vertices. Every edge in the tree has a color. A path is good if every adjacent pair of edges in the path have different colors. A vertex is good if every simple path starting at that vertex and ending somewhere else in the tree is good.

Compute all good nodes.

#### **Constraints**

 $1 \leq N \leq 50\,000$  $1\leq a_i,b_i,c_i\leq 50\,000$  $a_i 
eq b_i$  for all iIn tests worth 5 marks,  $N \leq 10$ .

#### **Input Specification**

The first line contains a single integer N.

Each of the next N-1 lines contains three space-separated integers,  $a_{i\prime}$   $b_{i\prime}$  and  $c_{i\prime}$  denoting an edge of color  $c_i$ connecting vertices  $a_i$  and  $b_i$ .

## **Output Specification**

On the first line, print k, the number of good vertices.

For each of the next k lines, print the ID of a good vertex. The k lines must be printed in sorted order.

#### Sample Input 1

8			
131			
231			
3 4 3			
454			
563			
672			
682			

# Sample Output 1

4 3 4 5 6

# Sample Input 2

8		
1 2 2		
1 3 1		
2 4 3		
271		
3 5 2		
562		
781		

## Sample Output 2

0

## Sample Input 3

9		
1 2 2		
1 3 1		
145		
155		
263		
373		
4 8 1		
592		

## Sample Output 3

5		
1		
2		
3		
6		
7		

# Sample Input 4

10		
921		
931		
942		
952		
913		
964		
1 8 5		
1 10 5		
679		

# Sample Output 4

4			
1			
6			
7			
9			