

# Leve Loves Segment Trees

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**Time limit:** 1.0s    **Memory limit:** 1G

Java: 2.0s

Python: 4.0s

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Leve loves segment trees, so he has given you the following task:

You are given an array of  $N$  **zeroes** and  $Q$  operations of the following forms:

- **C x v**: Change the element's value at index  $x$  to  $v$ .
- **S l r**: Output the sum of all elements between indices  $l$  and  $r$ , inclusive.
- **M l r**: Output the maximum of all elements between indices  $l$  and  $r$ , inclusive.

Leve doesn't like cheating, so you will not be given  $l_i, r_i, x_i$  or  $v_i$  directly. Instead of  $l_i$ , you will be given  $l'_i$ , which can be decrypted using the formula  $l_i = l'_i \oplus lastAns$  where  $lastAns$  represents the output to the previous **S** or **M** query, and  $\oplus$  represents the bitwise xor operation. If there is no previous output,  $lastAns = 0$ .

Similarly:

- $r_i = r'_i \oplus lastAns$
- $x_i = x'_i \oplus lastAns$
- $v_i = v'_i \oplus lastAns$

## Constraints

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$$1 \leq N \leq 10^{18}$$

$$1 \leq Q \leq 4 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N$$

$$0 \leq v \leq 10^9$$

$$1 \leq l \leq r \leq N$$

## Input Specification

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The first line contains two space-separated integers,  $N$  and  $Q$ .

The following  $Q$  lines each contain a query of one of the previously described forms.

## Output Specification

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For each **S** or **M** query, output its result on a new line.

## Sample Input

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```
10 5  
C 2 1  
C 7 3  
S 1 5  
C 2 9  
M 2 8
```

## Sample Input (Unencrypted)

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```
10 5  
C 2 1  
C 7 3  
S 1 5  
C 3 8  
M 3 9
```

## Sample Output

---

```
1  
8
```