#### **Time limit:** 4.5s **Memory limit:** 256M

Jack and Jill play a game called *Hotter, Colder*. Jill has a number between 1 and N, and Jack makes repeated attempts to guess it.

Each of Jack's guesses is a number between 1 and N. In response to each guess, Jill answers *hotter*, *colder* or *same*. For Jack's first guess, Jill answers *same*. For the remaining guesses Jill answers:

- hotter if this guess is closer to Jill's number than his previous guess
- colder if this guess is farther from Jill's number than his previous guess
- *same* if this guess is neither closer to nor further from Jill's number than his previous guess.

You are to implement a procedure  $\mathbf{HC(N)}$  that plays Jack's role. This implementation may repeatedly call  $\mathbf{Guess(G)}$ , with G a number between 1 and N.  $\mathbf{Guess(G)}$  will return 1 to indicate *hotter*, -1 to indicate *colder* or 0 to indicate *same*.  $\mathbf{HC(N)}$  must return Jill's number.

# **Example**

For example, assume N=5, and Jill has chosen the number 2. When procedure **HC** makes the following sequence of calls to **Guess**, the results in the second column will be returned.

Call	Returned value	Explanation
Guess(5)	0	Same (first call)
Guess(3)	1	Hotter
Guess(4)	-1	Colder
Guess(1)	1	Hotter
Guess(3)	0	Same



At this point, Jack knows the answer, and **HC** should return 2. It has taken Jack 5 guesses to determine Jill's number. You can do better.

#### Subtask 1 [25 points]

**HC(N)** must call **Guess(G)** at most 500 times. There will be at most 125 250 calls to **HC(N)**, with N between 1 and 500.

#### Subtask 2 [25 points]

**HC(N)** must call **Guess(G)** at most 18 times. There will be at most 125250 calls to **HC(N)** with N between 1 and 500.

#### Subtask 3 [25 points]

**HC(N)** must call **Guess(G)** at most 16 times. There will be at most 125250 calls to **HC(N)** with N between 1 and 500.

### Subtask 4 [up to 25 points]

Let W be the largest integer, such that  $2^W \leq 3N$ . For this subtask your solution will score:

- 0 points, if **HC(N)** calls **Guess(G)** 2W times or more,
- $25\alpha$  points, where  $\alpha$  is the largest real number, such that  $0<\alpha<1$  and **HC(N)** calls **Guess(G)** at most  $2W-\alpha W$  times,
- 25 points, if **HC(N)** calls **Guess(G)** at most W times.

There will be at most  $1\,000\,000$  calls to **HC(N)** with N between 1 and  $500\,000\,000$ .

Be sure to initialize any variables used by **HC** every time it is called.

## **Implementation Details**

- Implementation folder: /home/ioi2010-contestant/hottercolder/ (prototype: hottercolder.zip)
- To be implemented by contestant: (hottercolder.c) or (hottercolder.cpp) or (hottercolder.pas)
- Contestant interface: hottercolder.h or hottercolder.pas
- Grader interface: grader.h or graderlib.pas
- Sample grader: grader.c or grader.cpp or grader.pas and graderlib.pas
- Sample grader input: grader.in.1 grader.in.2.
  - Note: The input file contains several lines, each containing N and Jill's number.
- Expected output for sample grader input: the grader will create files <code>grader.out.1</code> <code>grader.out.2</code> etc.
  - If the implementation correctly implements Subtask 1, one line of output will contain OK 1
  - $\circ$  If the implementation correctly implements Subtask 2, one line of output will contain  ${\tt OK\ 2}$
  - If the implementation correctly implements Subtask 3, one line of output will contain OK 3
  - $\circ$  If the implementation correctly implements Subtask 4, one line of output will contain OK 4 alpha  $\alpha$