

# Google Code Jam '09 Round 1A Problem A - Multi-base happiness

---

**Time limit:** 60.0s    **Memory limit:** 1G

---

Given an integer  $N$ , replace it by the sum of the squares of its digits. A happy number is a number where, if you apply this process repeatedly, it eventually results in the number 1. For example, if you start with 82:

```
8*8 + 2*2      = 64 + 4    = 68,  repeat:
6*6 + 8*8      = 36 + 64   = 100, repeat:
1*1 + 0*0 + 0*0 = 1 + 0 + 0 = 1 (happy! :)
```

Since this process resulted in 1, 82 is a happy number.

Notice that a number might be happy in some bases, but not happy in others. For instance, the base 10 number 82 is not a happy number when written in base 3 (as 10001).

You are one of the world's top number detectives. Some of the bases got together (yes, they are organized!) and hired you for an important task: find out what's the smallest integer number that's greater than 1 and is happy in all the given bases.

## Input Specification

---

The first line of input gives the number of cases  $T$ .  $T$  test cases follow. Each case consists of a single line. Each line contains a space separated list of distinct integers, representing the bases. The list of bases is always in increasing order.

## Output Specification

---

For each test case, output: `Case #X: K` where  $X$  is the test case number, starting from 1, and  $K$  is the decimal representation of the smallest integer (greater than 1) which is happy in all of the given bases.

## Limits

---

Time limit: 60 seconds per test set.

Memory limit: 1 GB.

$2 \leq$  all possible input bases  $\leq 10$

### Small Dataset

$1 \leq T \leq 42$

$2 \leq$  number of bases on each test case  $\leq 3$

## Large Dataset

$1 \leq T \leq 500$

$2 \leq \text{number of bases on each test case} \leq 9$

## Sample Input

---

```
3
2 3
2 3 7
9 10
```

## Sample Output

---

```
Case #1: 3
Case #2: 143
Case #3: 91
```