## Time limit: 2.0s Memory limit: 64M

## **DWITE Online Computer Programming Contest, December 2009, Problem 3**

The input will contain 5 lines, a binary string of length 1 to 8 — a pattern that should not appear in binary strings in the generated set.

*That is:* if the input is 1, then the only valid output string is <u>00000000</u> (any other binary string of size 8 will contain 1). A pattern <u>111111</u> blocks out:

The output will contain 5 lines, a sum of **1** s present in the filtered sets.

Notes regarding the samples: 1 filters out everything but 00000000, which has no 1 s, and so the sum is 0. 0 filters out everything but 11111111, there are eight 1 s, so the sum is 8. The only pattern that 00000000 filters out is itself, which doesn't contribute to the sum anyway. All of the 8 bit binary strings: 1, 10, 11, ..., 1111110, 11111111 contain 1024 1 s. Yes, I've counted them.

## Sample Input

| 1        |  |  |  |
|----------|--|--|--|
| 0        |  |  |  |
| 11       |  |  |  |
| 00       |  |  |  |
| 00000000 |  |  |  |
|          |  |  |  |

## Sample Output

| 0    |  |  |
|------|--|--|
| 8    |  |  |
| 130  |  |  |
| 310  |  |  |
| 1024 |  |  |

Problem Resource: DWITE