Time limit: 2.0s Memory limit: 64M

DWITE Online Computer Programming Contest, November 2007, Problem 1

In mathematics, a semiprime number is a natural number that is the product of exactly two prime numbers. For example: 4, 6, 9, 10, 14, 15, 21, 22 are the first eight semiprime numbers. Given a set of numbers, one should be able to identify semiprime numbers contained in that set.

The input will contain five integers, one per line. $1 \le N \le 1000$.

The output will contain five lines, stating if the supplied integers were semiprime or not.

Sample Input

	_
2	
_	
3	
4	
5	
5	
6	
0	

Sample Output

not			
not			
semiprime			
not			
semiprime			

Problem Resource: DWITE