#### Time limit: 1.0s Memory limit: 1G

There are N stones, numbered  $1, 2, \ldots, N$ . For each  $i \ (1 \le i \le N)$ , the height of Stone i is  $h_i$ .

There is a frog who is initially on Stone 1. He will repeat the following action some number of times to reach Stone *N*:

• If the frog is currently on Stone i, jump to Stone i + 1 or Stone i + 2. Here, a cost of  $|h_i - h_j|$  is incurred, where j is the stone to land on.

Find the minimum possible total cost incurred before the frog reaches Stone N.

# Constraints

- All values in input are integers.
- $2 \leq N \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq h_i \leq 10^4$

## **Input Specification**

The first line of input will contain an integer N.

The second line of input will contain N spaced integers,  $h_i$ , the height of stone i.

# **Output Specification**

Output a single integer, the minimum possible total cost incurred.

# Sample Input 1

4 10 30 40 20

### Sample Output 1

30

#### Sample Input 2

2 10 10 0

# Sample Input 3

6 30 10 60 10 60 50

# Sample Output 3

40

# **Sample Explanations**

For the first sample, we can follow path 1 
ightarrow 2 
ightarrow 4, the total cost incurred would be |10 - 30| + |30 - 20| = 30.

For the second sample, we can follow the path 1 
ightarrow 2, with the total cost incurred being |10-10|=0.

In the last sample, we follow the path  $1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6$ , the total cost incurred would be |30-60|+|60-60|+|60-50|=40.