# DMOPC '18 Contest 1 P4 - Sorting

**Time limit:** 1.0s **Memory limit:** 256M Java: 2.5s Python: 2.5s

You have a sorted list A of numbers in increasing order from 1 to N. This list has M elements. Some numbers may appear multiple times, so you have recorded the number of occurrences of each number in this list,  $f_1, f_2, \ldots, f_N$ . However, you messed up when assigning the indices, so  $f_i$  is actually the number of occurrences of  $P_i$ , for some unknown permutation P of  $1, 2, \ldots, N$ . You recall that  $A_K = X$  for some K and X. Find a permutation P that satisfies this. If no such permutation P exists, output -1.

You will be rewarded even if you can only determine the existence of such a P. Outputting any permutation of  $1, 2, \ldots, N$  if there exists a permutation and -1 otherwise for every test case of a subtask will earn you half of the subtask's points, assuming you do not already receive the full points (if one of the permutations outputted is wrong, but there does exist a permutation).

## Constraints

 $1 \le X \le N$   $1 \le K \le M \le 2 \cdot 10^{11}$   $1 \le f_i \le 1\ 000\ 000$   $f_1 + f_2 + \dots + f_N = M$ Subtask 1 [10%]  $1 \le N \le 8$ Subtask 2 [20%]  $1 \le N \le 20$ Subtask 3 [20%]  $1 \le N \le 400$ Subtask 4 [10%]  $1 \le N \le 2\ 000$ Subtask 5 [40%]

 $1 \leq N \leq 200\,000$ 

## **Input Specification**

The first line will contain four space-separated integers N, M, K, and X. The next line will contain N space-separated integers  $f_1, f_2, \ldots, f_N$ .

## **Output Specification**

If there exists a permutation, output N space-separated integers  $P_1, P_2, \ldots, P_N$ . There may be many valid permutations. Any one of them will be accepted. If there does not exist a permutation, output [-1].

#### Sample Input 1

3 10 5 1 4 5 1

## Sample Output 1

213

#### **Explanation for Sample 1**

There are six possible lists A:

 1
 1
 1
 2
 2
 2
 2
 3

 1
 1
 1
 1
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 1
 1
 1
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 1
 1
 1
 2
 2
 2
 2
 3

 1
 1
 1
 1
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 1
 1
 1
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 2
 2
 2
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 2
 2
 2
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 2
 2
 2
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

 1
 2
 2
 2
 2
 2
 3
 3
 3
 3

The third list satisfies  $A_K = X$ . The corresponding P which gives this list is 2, 1, 3.

#### Sample Input 2

6 9 4 4 2 2 2 1 1 1

## Sample Output 2

## Sample Input 3

6 9 3 4 2 2 2 1 1 1

## Sample Output 3

-1