COCI '22 Contest 1 #3 Berilij

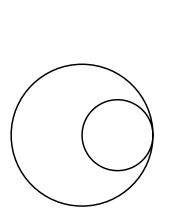
Time limit: 1.0s **Memory limit:** 512M

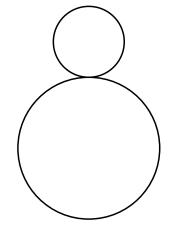
Little sheep Be (short for Berilij) was kidnapped by the aliens, and they have a rather unusual request for her. They want to hire her.

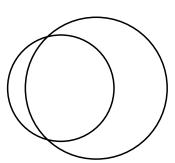
Precisely on Saturday, November 5^{th} , the aliens plan to visit Earth with n spaceships and reward the best COCI contestants (and maybe hire them too). Their spaceships are perfect circles.

Due to safety reasons, they chose m pairs of spaceships that have to touch externally when they land. They have already determined the landing coordinates of the center point for each of the spaceships, and Be's task is to determine the radius of each of the spaceships, so the conditions are satisfied.









In the image, the left and the right pairs of spaceships do **not** satisfy the condition of touching externally. The pair of spaceships in the middle fulfills the condition of touching externally.

Spaceships are very expensive, and their cost is equal to their area, so the aliens are asking Be to determine the radii with the **minimum cost** of the spaceships.

Their advanced technology allows spaceships to overlap, and, even more interestingly, they know how to make a spaceship with radius equal to 0.

If there is no set of radii that satisfies the conditions, aliens expect Be to inform them about it. If Be doesn't succeed in determining the radii, they will hire her as lunch.

Input Specification

The first line contains two integers n and m $(1 \le n, m \le 10^5)$, the number of spaceships, and the number of conditions.

The following n lines contain real numbers x_i and y_i ($-10\,000 \le x_i, y_i \le 10\,000$), the coordinates of the center point of the i-th spaceship. Each of the numbers will be given with 10 decimal places.

The following m lines contain two integers a_i and b_i ($1 \le a_i, b_i \le n, a_i \ne b_i$), representing the condition that the a_i -th and b_i -th spaceship must touch externally after landing. For each unordered pair (a_i, b_i) there will be at most one such condition.

Output Specification

If there is no solution, in the first and only line print \overline{NE} . Otherwise, in the first line print \overline{DA} , and in the i-th of the following n lines print the radius of the i-th spaceship.

Your answer will be considered correct if, for each radius of the n spaceships, its absolute or relative error doesn't exceed 10^{-4} . In other words, if your answer for the i-th spaceship is r_{si} , and the correct answer r_{ci} , then your answer will be considered correct if $|r_{si}-r_{ci}| \leq 10^{-4}$ or $|\frac{r_{si}-r_{ci}}{r_{ci}}| \leq 10^{-4}$.

Constraints

Subtask	Points	Constraints
1	15	n is odd, and each of the spaceships should touch exactly two other spaceships.
2	25	There exists at least one way to determine the radii so the conditions are satisfied.
3	30	For each pair of spaceships (a,b) , there's at most one sequence of distinct spaceships that starts in a , and finishes in b , and all adjacent spaceships in the sequence are necessarily touching.
4	40	No additional constraints.

Sample Input 1

3 3

0.0000000000 0.0000000000

0.0000000000 2.0000000000

2.0000000000 0.0000000000

1 2

2 3

3 1

Sample Output 1

DA 0.585786 1.414214 1.414214

Explanation for Sample Output 1

This is the only solution that satisfies all the touching conditions. Please note that solution (0.585700, 1.414357, 1.414357) is also considered correct, even though spaceships 2 and 3 aren't touching, because the absolute error doesn't exceed 10^{-4} .

Sample Input 2

```
5 4
-0.4585133080 0.2893567973
9.9368007273 7.1806641913
-8.4621834970 -2.8309311865
0.0122121945 -2.8309311865
2.3991780589 -8.8626906628
2 1
3 2
4 3
5 1
```

Sample Output 2

```
DA
0.000000
12.472076
8.474396
0.000000
9.587824
```

Sample Input 3

```
5 5
0.000000000 0.000000000
1.000000000 2.0000000000
2.000000000 4.0000000000
3.000000000 6.000000000
4.000000000 8.000000000
1 2
2 3
3 4
4 5
5 1
```

Sample Output 3

NE

Explanation for Sample Output 3

There is no arrangement of the radii that satisfies all conditions.