

# COCI '21 Contest 1 #4 Set

**Time limit:** 1.0s **Memory limit:** 512M

In the popular card game *SET*, the player's goal is to identify a certain triplet of cards with some special properties, called a *set*. Each card shows some figures, which differ in number, shape, transparency and color.

Marin and Josip have recently bought a deck of these cards and now they can't stop playing. They've become so skilled at noticing *sets* that it soon became boring that the cards are determined by only four properties. Thus, they have decided to have fun with a generalized version of the game.

At their disposal is a deck of  $n$  **different** cards. Each card is represented by a sequence of  $k$  characters, each being one of **1**, **2** or **3**. The order of the cards in the deck does not matter.

An unordered triplet of cards is called a *set* if for each of the  $k$  positions, the three characters corresponding to the three cards are either the same or pairwise different. For example, three cards represented by **1123**, **1322** and **1221** make a *set* because all of the characters in the first and third positions are the same (**1** and **2** respectively), and the characters in the second and fourth positions are different (**1**, **2** and **3** in some order).

While looking at these  $n$  cards on the table, they started to wonder: how many unordered triplets of these  $n$  cards make a set. Write a program which will answer their question.

## Constraints

In every subtask, it holds that  $1 \leq k \leq 12$  and  $1 \leq n \leq 3^k$ .

Subtask	Points	Constraints
1	10	$1 \leq k \leq 5$
2	30	$1 \leq k \leq 7$
3	70	No additional constraints.

## Input Specification

The first line contains the integers  $n$  and  $k$ , the number of cards in the deck and the number of properties of a single card, respectively.

Each of the following  $n$  lines contains a sequence of  $k$  characters representing a card. Each character is one of **1**, **2** or **3**. Different lines contain different sequences of characters.

## Output Specification

In the only line, print the number of unordered triplets which form a *set*.

## Sample Input 1

---

```
3 4  
1123  
1322  
1221
```

## Sample Output 1

---

```
1
```

## Sample Input 2

---

```
2 2  
11  
22
```

## Sample Output 2

---

```
0
```

## Sample Input 3

---

```
5 3  
111  
222  
333  
123  
132
```

## Sample Output 3

---

2

## Explanation for Sample Output 3

---

The two sets are `111`, `222`, `333` and `111`, `123`, `132`.