#### Time limit: 1.0s Memory limit: 64M

Due to the frantic usage of the racket to kill flies, Marin has sustained a serious bodily injury known to the medical community as *epicondylitis lateralis humeri*. His grandma has advised smearing rakija over it, the doctor has prescribed a strong painkiller, but Marin has ignored every single advice and decided to look for the answer in integer sequences.

He has discovered a previously undiscovered sequence of integers and called it the *xorbonacci* sequence.

The  $n^{th}$  element in the sequence is denoted with  $x_n$ . The sequence is defined recursively in the following way:

$$egin{aligned} x_1 &= a_1 \ x_2 &= a_2 \ &dots \ x_k &= a_k \ x_n &= x_{n-1} \oplus x_{n-2} \oplus \cdots \oplus x_{n-k}, n > k \end{aligned}$$

Because of a reason only known to Marin, he determined that all his sorrows will go away if you answer his Q queries defined with numbers l and r. The answer to the query is represented with the value  $x_l \oplus x_{l+1} \oplus \cdots \oplus x_{r-1} \oplus x_r$ .

Help Marin and answer his queries.

**Please note:** The operation  $\oplus$  is the operation of binary **XOR**.

### Input

The first line of input contains the integer K ( $1 \le K \le 100\,000$ ) from the task.

The following line contains K integers that represent the first K elements in the xorbonacci sequence.

All numbers are smaller than  $10^{18}$ .

The following line contains the integer Q  $(1 \le Q \le 10^6)$  from the task.

The  $i^{th}$  of the following Q lines contains two integers  $l_i$  and  $r_i$   $(1 \le l_i \le r_i \le 10^{18})$  that represent Marin's  $i^{th}$  query.

### Output

Each of the following Q lines of output must contain the answers to Marin's queries, the order being the same as the input.

### Sample Input 1

4			
1 3 5 7			
3			
22			
2 5			
1 5			

## Sample Output 1

3 1 0

## Sample Input 2

 5

 3
 3
 4
 3
 2

 4

 1
 2

 1
 3

 5
 6

 7
 9

# Sample Output 2

0		
4		
4		
7		
_		
4		