Time limit: 0.5s Memory limit: 64M

Mirko's newest math homework assignment is a very difficult one! Given a sequence, V, of N integers, remove exactly K of them from the sequence. Let M be the largest difference of any two remaining numbers in the sequence, and m the smallest such difference. Select the K integers to be removed from V in such a way that the sum M + m is the smallest possible. Mirko isn't very good at math, so he has asked you to help him!

Input Specification

The first line of input contains two positive integers, $N~(3 \le N \le 1\,000\,000)$ and $K~(1 \le K \le N-2)$.

The second line of input contains N space-separated positive integers – the sequence V $(-5\,000\,000 \le V_i \le 5\,000\,000)$.

Output Specification

The first and only line of output must contain the smallest possible sum M+m.

Sample Input 1

52 -3-2386

Sample Output 1

7

Sample Input 2

6 2 -5 8 10 1 13 -1

Sample Output 2

Sample Input 3

6 3 10 2 8 17 2 17

Sample Output 3

6

13