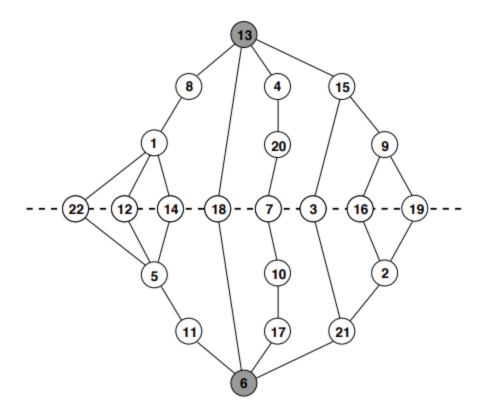
## Baltic OI '11 P8 - Tree Mirroring

**Time limit:** 1.0s **Memory limit:** 256M

#### Baltic Olympiad in Informatics: 2011 Day 2, Problem 4

Let T be a rooted tree (a connected undirected acyclic graph), and let S be a perfect copy of T. Construct a new graph by taking the union of T and S, and merging the corresponding leaf nodes (but never the root). We call such a graph a tree-mirrored graph.

Write a program that determines if an arbitrary undirected connected graph is a tree-mirrored graph.



**Figure 1**: An example of a tree-mirrored graph. The figure corresponds to the third example test case.

### **Constraints**

 $3 \leq N, M \leq 10^5$ 

Subtask 1 [30%]

 $3 \leq N, M \leq 300$ 

**Subtask 2 [30%]** 

 $3 \leq N, M \leq 3\,500$ 

**Subtask 3 [40%]** 

No additional constraints.

### **Input Specification**

The first line of input contains two space-separated integers N and M, the number of vertices and edges of a graph G.

The vertices in G are labeled from 1 to N. The following M lines describe the edges. Each such line contains two space-separated integers x and y ( $x \neq y; 1 \leq x, y \leq N$ ), describing one bidirectional edge. There will be at most one edge between any pair of vertices.

### **Output Specification**

The first and only line of output should contain the string  $\overline{\text{YES}}$  if the graph G is a tree-mirrored graph, and  $\overline{\text{NO}}$  otherwise.

### Sample Input 1

7 7
1 2
2 3
3 4
4 5
5 6
6 7
7 1

### **Sample Output 1**

NO

## **Sample Input 2**

6 6 1 2			
2 3			
2 4			
3 5			
4 5			
5 6			

## **Sample Output 2**

YES

## **Sample Input 3**

```
22 28
13 8
8 1
1 22
1 12
1 14
13 18
13 4
4 20
20 7
13 15
15 3
15 9
9 16
9 19
22 5
12 5
14 5
5 11
11 6
18 6
7 10
10 17
17 6
3 21
21 6
16 2
19 2
2 21
```

## **Sample Output 3**

YES

# **Explanation for Sample 3**

The last exa	imple input cor	responds to the	graph in	Figure 1.
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