ACSL '09 Practice P3 - Zeroes

Time limit: 1.0s **Memory limit:** 16M

ACSL Practice 2009

The factorial of a positive integer n, written as n!, is the product of the first n positive integers. That is,

$$n! = 1 \times 2 \times \cdots \times n$$

Given a positive integer n, find the number of zeros in the decimal representation of n!. Of course, leading zeros should not be counted. (Note that decimal representation means base ten representation.)

Example 1. There are 7 zeros in the decimal representation of 20!.

$$20! = 1 \times 2 \times \cdots \times 20 = 2432902008176640000$$

Example 2. There are 2 zeros in the decimal representation of 7!.

$$7! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6 \times 7 = 5040$$

Example 3. There is no zero in the decimal representation of 4!.

$$4! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 = 24$$

Input Specification

The input contains a single positive integer $n \leq 100$.

Output Specification

The number of zeros in the decimal representation of n!.

Sample Input 1

20

Sample Output 1

7

Sample Input 2

7		
Sample Output 2		
2		
Sample Input 3		
4		
Sample Output 3		